Assignment 3

Common Fractions; Decimals

Textbook Assignment: Chapters 4 (29-44), 5 (45-51)

- 3-1. Assume that a man measures a $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch block four times. Each time he uses different graduations on his ruler. Which of his measurements is incorrect?
 - 1. $\frac{6}{8}$ in.
- 3. $\frac{25}{32}$ in.
- 2. $\frac{12}{16}$ in. 4. $\frac{48}{64}$ in.
- 3-2. Which of the following fractions is not equivalent to $\frac{1}{2}$?
 - 1. $\frac{0.5}{1}$
- 2. $\frac{125}{250}$
- 3-3. The fundamental rule of fractions states that adding the same number to both terms of a fraction does not change the value of the fraction.
- 3-4. How may the fraction $\frac{3}{8}$ be changed to twenty-fourths?
 - Multiply the numerator by 3
 Multiply the denominator by 3
 - 3. Multiply both terms of the fraction
 - 4. Multiply both terms of the fraction
- 3-5. What fraction with a numerator of 8 is equivalent to the fraction $\frac{2}{6}$?

- 4. $\frac{8}{48}$

- 3-6. Which of the following fractions cannot be reduced to lower terms?
- 3. $\frac{89}{121}$
- 4. $\frac{144}{256}$
- 3-7. The fraction $\frac{78}{234}$, when reduced to lowest terms, becomes
 - 1. $\frac{1}{3}$
- $2. \frac{13}{30}$
- 4. $\frac{78}{234}$
- 3-8. It is incorrect mathematically to compute with improper fractions.
- 3-9. The improper fraction $\frac{22}{8}$ when changed to a mixed number and reduced to lowest terms
 - 1. $\frac{11}{4}$

- 4. $2\frac{6}{9}$
- 3-10. The mixed number $3\frac{7}{9}$ is equivalent to the improper fraction
- 2. $\frac{16}{9}$
- 4. $\frac{34}{9}$

- 3-11. Multiplying each term of a fraction by
 - -1 has the same effect as
 - 1. multiplying the fraction by $\boldsymbol{1}$
 - 2. multiplying the fraction by -1
 - 3. changing the sign of the numerator only
 - 4. changing the sign in front of the fraction
- 3-12. Which one of the following four fractions differs in value from the other three?
 - 1. $\frac{-3}{4}$ 3. $\frac{3}{-4}$
 - $2. \frac{3}{4}$
- 4. $\frac{-3}{4}$
- 3-13. Fractions must always be changed into like fractions before they can be added.
- 3-14. The person who states that

$$\frac{9}{24} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{5}{24} = \frac{15}{24}$$

has failed to observe that

- 1. to find the sum of two or more fractions, the numerators should be added to obtain the numerator and the denominators should be added to obtain the denominator
- 2. fractions must be reduced to lowest terms before they are added
- 3. fractions cannot be added without raising them to higher terms
- 4. quantities to be added must be expressed in common denominators
- 3-15. The fractions $\frac{4}{7}$ and $\frac{4}{9}$ are unlike fractions.
- 3-16. The least common multiple (LCM) of 60, 36, and 18 is
 - 1. 180

 - 2. 5403. 1080
 - 4. 2160

- 3-17. Which of the following groups of fractions has the smallest least common denominator?

 - 1. $\frac{2}{3}$, $\frac{5}{9}$, $\frac{7}{18}$ 3. $\frac{5}{6}$, $\frac{4}{12}$, $\frac{2}{3}$

 - 2. $\frac{3}{8}$, $\frac{5}{16}$, $\frac{3}{4}$ 4. $\frac{20}{25}$, $\frac{13}{15}$, $\frac{9}{10}$
- 3-18. What method do you use in finding a common denominator for a series of fractions?
 - 1. Add all the denominators.
 - 2. Cancel the common factors in numerators and denominators.
 - 3. Find the smallest number that all of the numerators will go into.
 - 4. Find the smallest number that is divisible by all the denominators.
- 3-19. Find the LCM of the following numbers: $180 = 5 \cdot 2^2 \cdot 3^2$; $210 = 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7$; $225 = 5^2 \cdot 3^2$ [Note: 2^3 means 2 is taken as a factor three times]
 - 1. 52.2.3.7
 - $2. 5^{2} \cdot 2^{2} \cdot 3^{2} \cdot 7$
 - $3.5^{4.2}^{3.3}^{5.7}$
 - 4. 180.210.225
- 3-20. Find the greatest common divisor (GCD) of 6, 15, and 21.

 - 1. 3 2.6
 - 3. 210
 - 4. $3^3 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7$
- 3-21. Find the GCD of the numbers

$$120 = 2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5$$
; $140 = 2^2 \cdot 7 \cdot 5$; $42 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7$

- 2. 6
- 3. 2³·3·5·7
- 4. 120-140-42
- 3-22. What lowest common denominator (LCD) would

be used to add
$$\frac{1}{9}$$
, $\frac{4}{7}$, $\frac{3}{35}$, and $\frac{3}{25}$?

- 1. 1575
- 2. 2205
- 3. $3^2 \cdot 7 \cdot 9 \cdot 5$
- 4. 9.7.35.25

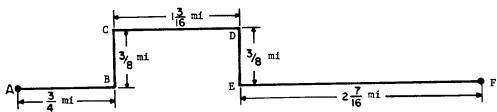


Figure 3A .-- Illustra ion for addition of fractions.

- 3-23. What is the sum of $2\frac{3}{4}$ and $1\frac{5}{6}$?
 - 1. $4\frac{1}{9}$
- 2. $4\frac{3}{8}$
- 4. $4\frac{7}{12}$
- 3-24. In figure 3A, find the distance along tie fence ABCDEF.
 - 1. $4\frac{1}{16}$ mi 3. $5\frac{1}{8}$ mi
 - 2. $4\frac{3}{4}$ mi 4. $5\frac{3}{4}$ mi
- 3-25. How much is $\frac{3}{12}$ subtracted from $1\frac{5}{8}$?
 - 1. $1\frac{3}{8}$
- 2. $1\frac{7}{8}$ 4. $\frac{3}{8}$
- 3-26. In figure 3B, what is the length of the dimension marked Y on the sketch of the machine bolt? ·
 - 1. $1\frac{62}{64}$ in. 3. $2\frac{11}{64}$ in.
 - 2. $2\frac{5}{64}$ in. 4. $2\frac{7}{64}$ in.
- 3-27. How much is $\frac{1}{24}$ of 6?
 - 1. 4
- $2. \frac{1}{4}$
- 4. $\frac{1}{144}$
- 3-28. What is the product of $3\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{5}{12}$?
 - 1. $1\frac{11}{24}$
- 2. $1\frac{1}{4}$ 4. $8\frac{1}{3}$

3-29. The answer to the problem

$$\frac{\cancel{3}}{\cancel{3}} \times \frac{\cancel{3}}{\cancel{9}} \times \frac{\cancel{3}}{\cancel{4}} \times \frac{\cancel{2}}{\cancel{3}} = 6$$

is wrong because

- 1. the sum of 3 and 2 is 5
- 2. a mistake was made in division
- 3. the wrong numbers were divided out
- 4. the numerator was omitted in the answer
- 3-30. What is the answer to the problem

$$\frac{5}{2} \times \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}$$

when reduced to lowest terms?

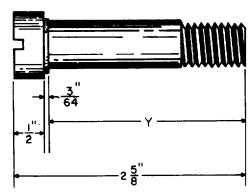


Figure 3B. -- Sketch of a machine bolt.

- 3-31. Use canceling to determine the product of $\frac{96}{144}$ x 38.

 - 4. $37\frac{1}{2}$

- 3-32. The common denominator method of dividing fractions is illustrated by the example
 - 1. $\frac{4}{3} \div \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4+4}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$
 - $2 \cdot \frac{4}{3} \div \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{3} \times 2 = \frac{8}{3}$
 - 3. $\frac{4}{3} \div \frac{1}{2} = \frac{4}{3} \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{8}{3}$
 - $4. \frac{4}{3} \div \frac{1}{2} = \frac{8}{6} \div \frac{3}{6} = 8 \div 3 = \frac{8}{3}$
- 3-33. What is the simplest way to find the reciprocal of a fraction?
 - 1. Divide the fraction by 1.
 - 2. Subtract the fraction from 1.
 - 3. Divide the numerator by the denominator.
 - 4. Interchange the numerator and denominator.
- 3-34. The reciprocal of $3\frac{1}{7}$ is
 - 1. $\frac{22}{7}$
- $2. \frac{7}{22}$
 - 4. $7\frac{1}{2}$
- 3-35. The reciprocal of 50 is greater than the reciprocal of 25.
- 3-36. The reciprocal method of dividing fractions is illustrated by the example
 - 1. $\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{8} \times \frac{1}{1} = \frac{1}{8}$
 - 2. $\frac{3}{9} \div \frac{1}{3} = \frac{3}{9} \times \frac{3}{1} = \frac{9}{9}$
 - 3. $\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{1}{3} = \frac{9}{24} \div \frac{8}{24} = 9 \div 8 = \frac{9}{8}$
 - $4. \frac{3}{8} \div \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{8} \times \frac{3}{1} \times \frac{8}{1} = 1$
- 3-37. How much is 4 divided by $1\frac{1}{8}$?
 - 1. $3\frac{1}{2}$
- 2. $3\frac{4}{9}$ 4. $4\frac{1}{2}$

- 3-38. How much is $6\frac{2}{3}$ divided by $4\frac{2}{3}$?
 - 1. $1\frac{3}{7}$
- 2. $1\frac{6}{7}$ 4. $3\frac{1}{9}$
- 3-39. How much is $8\frac{1}{5}$ divided by 6?
 - 1. $1\frac{11}{30}$
- 3. $2\frac{7}{10}$
- 2. $1\frac{5}{12}$
- 3-40. Using the formula $R_t = \frac{1}{1 + 1}$, find R_t

when $R_1 = 6$ and $R_2 = 3$.

- 1. $\frac{1}{9}$
- 2. $\frac{1}{2}$
- 4. 9
- 3-41. The fraction $\frac{3}{4}$ is in the form of a decimal fraction.
- 3-42. Decimal fractions are expressed in terms of
 - 1. twentieths and powers of one-twentieth
 - 2. twelfths and multiples of twelfths
 - 3. tenths and powers of one-tenth
 - 4. fifths and multiples of fifths
- 3-43. In the number 89,654 the nine is in which place?
 - 1. Ten thousands
 - 2. Thousands
 - 3. Hundreds
 - 4. Tens
- 3-44. In the decimal fraction 0.03672 the seven is in which place?
 - 1. Tenths
 - 2. Hundredths
 - 3. Thousandths
 - 4. Ten-thousandths
- 3-45. Which of the following measurements made in a machine shop is the largest?
 - 1. 3.0070
 - 2. 3.1540

 - 3. 3.0988 4. 3.2100

- 3-46. Which of the following groups of mixed decimals is arranged correctly in order of decreasing size?
 - 1. 0.941, 0.0442, 0.881, 0.0005
 - 2. 1.055, 10.55, 0.1055, 105.5
 - 3. 112.1, 9.856, 1.002, 0.0776
 - 4. 1562.81644, 1791.816, 1338.22, 745.14
- 3-47. The fraction $\frac{86}{100000}$ is written in the

shortened form as

- 1. 0.86
- 2. 0.086
- 3. 0.0086
- 4. 0.00086
- 3-48. In the expression $\frac{1}{2}$: 0.1432 the zero is used for clarity.
- 3-49. The number $\frac{28}{10000}$ written as a decimal
 - fraction is
 - 1. 0.2800
 - 2. 0.0280
 - 3. 0.0208
 - 4. 0.0028
- 3-50. The number $\frac{304}{100000}$ written as a decimal
 - fraction is
 - 1. 0.0000304
 - 2. 0.000304
 - 3. 0.00304
 - 4. 0.0304
- 3-51. In common usage the word decimal often refers to a decimal fraction.
- 3-52. An example of a mixed decimal is
 - 1. 0.127

 - 3. 137.84
 - 4. $0.033\frac{1}{3}$
- 3-53. Seven and twelve-thousandths is the correct way to read the number
 - 1. 7.012
 - 2. 7.0012
 - 3. 7.1200
 - 4. 712,000
- 3-54. An example of a complex decimal is
 - 1. (4.1367)²
 2. 345.678

 - 3. $0.012\frac{1}{7}$
 - 4. 0.00000001

- 3-55. In actual practice the decimal fraction 4.016 is read
 - 1. four point sixteen thousandths
 - 2. four and sixteen hundredths
 - 3. four point zero one six
 - 4. four and zero one six
- 3-56. Changing 0.49 to the equivalent form 0.4900 has the same effect as multiplying the common fraction form $\frac{49}{100}$ by
 - 1. 10
- 2. 100
- 4. $\frac{100}{100}$
- 3-57. Which statement indicates the correct method for rounding off $\frac{349}{1000}$ to the nearest hundredth?
 - 1. $\frac{349}{1000}$ is closer to $\frac{30}{100}$ than to $\frac{40}{100}$
 - so it is rounded to $\frac{30}{100}$.
 - 2. $\frac{349}{1000}$ is written 0.0349 and rounded to 0.035.
 - 3. $\frac{349}{1000}$ is closer to $\frac{35}{100}$ than to $\frac{34}{100}$ so it is rounded to $\frac{35}{100}$.
 - 4. $\frac{349}{1000}$ is written 0.349 and rounded to 0.35 and then to 0.40.
- 3-58. The number 38.56935 rounded off to two decimal places is
 - 1. 38.56
 - 2. 38.57
 - 3. 38.59
 - 4. 38.60
- 3-59. The number 17.86 rounded off to the nearest tenth is
 - 1. 17.0
 - 2. 17.8
 - 3. 17.9
 - 4. 18.0
- 3-60. The decimal fraction 0.180 written as a common fraction in lowest terms is

- 3-61. Changing the decimal 0.75 to twelfths results in
 - 1. $\frac{108}{144}$
- 3. $\frac{9}{12}$
- 2. 9.00
- $4. \frac{8}{12}$
- 3-62. What condition must exist in order for a decimal fraction to be reducible when changed to a common fraction?
 - 1. The denominator must be divisible by
 - 2. The numerator must be divisible by 5 and 2.
 - 3. The numerator must be divisible by either 5 or 2.
 - 4. The numerator must not be divisible by both 2 and 5.
- 3-63. The complex decimal 0.06 $\frac{1}{5}$ may be written
 - in an equivalent form as
 - 1. 0.065
- $2. \frac{6}{100}$
- 4. $\frac{65}{1000}$
- 3-64. A common fraction can be converted to an exact decimal when the denominator of the common fraction is
 - 1. 2.3
 - 2. 2²·5²
 - 3. 2.5.7
 - 4. 3.5.7
- 3-65. The procedure for converting $27\frac{3}{8}$ to a decimal is to
 - 1. multiply both the 3 and the 8 by 100 and add the result to 27
 - 2. divide 8 by 3 and add the resulting decimal fraction to 27
 - 3. divide 3 by 8 and add this result to 27
 - 4. multiply 27 by 8 and add 3

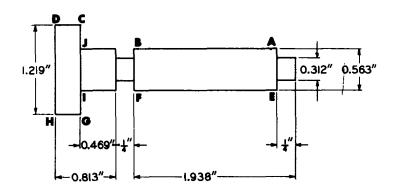
- 3-66. What is the mixed number $7\frac{3}{5}$ expressed as a decimal?
 - 1. 0.131

 - 2. 4.20 3. 7.16 4. 7.60
- 3-67. The common fraction $\frac{5}{12}$ is closest to the decimal fraction
 - 1. 0.333
 - 2. 0.4133
 - 3. 0.4167
 - 4. 0.4168
- 3-68. The fraction $\frac{7}{16}$ expressed as a decimal

and rounded off to the nearest hundredth is

- 1. 4.37
- 2. 0.40
- 3. 0.43
- 4. 0.44
- 3-69. How can you change the fraction $\frac{7}{12}$ to a
 - 1. Multiply 12 by 7
 - 2. Divide 12 by 7
 - 3. Divide 7 by 12
 - 4. Divide 7 by 10
- 3-70. In adding decimals, it is recommended that the digits be alined from the right and that the decimal be located by estimation.
- 3-71. A feeler gage has blades 0.025, 0.005, 0.004, 0.003, 0.0025, 0.002, and 0.0015 inch thick. The blades that should be used to make a setting of 295 tenthousandths are the blades with thicknesses of
 - 1. 0.025, 0.004, and 0.0015 in.

 - 2. 0.025, 0.003, and 0.0025 in. 3. 0.025, 0.0025, and 0.002 in.
 - 4. 0.005, 0.003, 0.0025, and 0.0015 in.



3C.--Dimensions of machine part.

- In answering items 3-72 through 3-75 refer to figure 3C.
- 3-72. What is the total length of the machine part?
 - 1. 2.012 in.
 - 2. 2.759 in.
 - 3. 2.771 in.
 - 4. 3.001 in.
- 3-73. What is the distance from point B to point J?
 - i. 0.212 in.
 - 2. 0.492 in.
 - 3. 0.719 in.
 - 4. 1.019 in.

- 3-74. What is the length of the shaft from point
 - A to point B? 1. 1.485 in.

 - 2. 1.688 in. 3. 1.713 in.

 - 4. 1.918 in.
- 3-75. What is the thickness of the shoulder from point C to point D?
 - 1. 0.344 in.

 - 2. 0.351 in. 3. 0.435 in.
 - 4. 0.454 in.